

CITY OF COLD LAKE
BYLAW 755-PL-22
ANIMAL CARE AND CONTROL BYLAW
Unofficial Consolidation as of January 27, 2026

Please note: in a bylaw that is “Unofficially Consolidated”, the original approved bylaw is updated to include all of the approved amendments to that bylaw.

A BYLAW OF THE CITY OF COLD LAKE, IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA, FOR THE PURPOSE OF REGULATING ANIMAL CARE AND CONTROL WITHIN THE CITY

WHEREAS Council deems it necessary, and in the public interest, to regulate the care and control of Animals within the City of Cold Lake;

AND WHEREAS the *Municipal Government Act*, RSA 2000, c. M-26 provides that Council may pass bylaws for municipal purposes respecting wild and domestic Animals and activities in relation to them;

AND WHEREAS the *Municipal Government Act*, RSA 2000, c. M-26 provides that Council may by bylaw regulate, prohibit, or provide for a system of licenses, permits, or approvals including establishing fees for such licenses, permits, and approvals;

NOW THEREFORE, by the authority of the Council of the City of Cold Lake, in the Province of Alberta, Council enacts the bylaw as follows:

SECTION 1 - TITLE

1. This bylaw shall be cited as the “Animal Care and Control Bylaw”.

SECTION 2 - DEFINITIONS

2. In this bylaw:

- 2.1. “Animal” means any animal, either wild or domesticated, and includes Dogs, Cats, and Livestock, unless otherwise stated in this bylaw.
- 2.2. “Animal Care and Control Centre” (ACCC) means a place designated by the City to act as an animal intake and holding facility where Animals can be placed and impounded temporarily.
- 2.3. “Animal Control Officer” means a Peace Officer, Bylaw Officer, a member of the RCMP or any person, firm, or corporation appointed by the Chief Administrative Officer of the City or under contract to the City to enforce the provisions of this bylaw, and also includes a Special Constable or Peace Officer of the Alberta SPCA.
- 2.4. “Animal Control Tribunal” means a committee of the Council of the City of Cold Lake that shall hear appeals relating to an Animal that has been designated a Vicious Animal.
- 2.5. “Animal License” means a metal tag issued to any Owner of a Dog or Cat upon registration of that Animal with the City and payment of an annual licensing fee.
- 2.6. “Animal Waste” means all forms of waste from Animals or the treatment of Animals, and includes, but is not limited to, Animal feces and Animal carcasses.
- 2.7. “Attack” means a physical attack by an Animal on another Animal or human by means of biting, scratching, jumping on, knocking over, charging, or similar action, which may or may not result in physical bodily damage or damage to property (such as clothing).
- 2.8. “Bite” means a physical bite by an Animal on another Animal or human, which may or may not result in a puncture or breaking of the skin, bleeding, broken bones, loss of flesh, bruising, any similar injury, or damage to property (such as clothing).
- 2.9. “Breeder” means any person or corporation engaged in the breeding of Dogs or Cats and offering the offspring for sale or trade to the general public. Breeders

must be able to verify their status by providing the City proof of membership in the Canadian Kennel Club or Canadian Cat Association. Breeders must also possess a valid City business license.

- 2.10. “Cat” means any domesticated feline Animal of either sex.
- 2.11. “City” means the municipal corporation of the City of Cold Lake or the geographical area falling within the corporate limits of the City of Cold Lake, as the context requires.
- 2.12. “Designated Official” means a person or organization, and their employees or agents, appointed by the City to be in charge of the Animal Care and Control Centre, and the shelter and welfare of the Animals kept therein, and can include an Officer.
- 2.13. “Dog” means any domesticated canine Animal of either sex.
- 2.14. “Highway” means the same as defined in the *Traffic Safety Act Revised Statutes of Alberta 2000 Chapter T-6* and its amendments and regulations, and includes a parking lot that the public normally is permitted access.
- 2.15. “Livestock” means any bovine, equine, porcine, ruminant animal, pigeons, rabbits, fowl, or any other Animal that may be involved in a commercial or agricultural undertaking.
- 2.16. “Motor Vehicle” means the same as defined in the *Traffic Safety Act Revised Statutes of Alberta 2000 Chapter T-6* and its amendments and regulations.
- 2.17. “Municipal Violation Tag” means a tag or similar document issued by the City pursuant to the *Municipal Government Act R.S.A. 2000* as amended.
- 2.18. “Muzzle” means a humane fastening or covering device of adequate strength placed over the mouth of an Animal to prevent it from Biting, and words “Muzzled” or “Muzzling” shall have a similar meaning.
- 2.19. “Off-Leash Area” means area(s) shown in Schedule “C” that are designated by the City through visible signage, where Dogs are free to run without the need of a leash or tether, though other provisions of this bylaw still apply.
- 2.20. “Officer” means a Peace Officer, a Bylaw Officer, a member of the RCMP, or any person appointed by the Chief Administrative Officer to enforce this bylaw, and includes an Animal Control Officer as the context may require.
- 2.21. “Owner” shall mean:
 - 2.21.1. Any person or corporate body who has legal title to an Animal;
 - 2.21.2. Any person who possesses or harbours an Animal;
 - 2.21.3. Any person who suffers any Animal to remain about that person’s residence or premises;
 - 2.21.4. Any person occupying a residence where an Animal is kept, harboured, or allowed to remain;
 - 2.21.5. Any person who is in temporary control of an Animal; or
 - 2.21.6. Any person in direct or indirect physical control of an Animal; and
 - 2.21.7. In the case where the Owner is a dependent under the age of eighteen (18), the Owner shall be that child’s parent or guardian.
- 2.22. “Possession” shall mean:
 - 2.22.1. Having direct or indirect physical control of an Animal;
 - 2.22.2. Having given physical control of an Animal to another person for a period of time; or
 - 2.22.3. Where one of two or more people has physical control of an Animal, it shall be deemed to be in the control of each and all of them.

- 2.22. “Prohibited Animal” means any Animal that is prohibited from being owned or kept within the City, as indicated by Schedule “D” of this bylaw.
- 2.23. “Provincial Violation Ticket” has the same meaning as in the *Provincial Offences Act* R.S.A. 2000 as amended.
- 2.24. “Provocation” means the intentional teasing, irritation, annoyance, or incitement of an Animal resulting in its indignation or anger.
- 2.25. “Right of Access” means the right of an Officer to enter onto any property, excluding inside a private dwelling house, to inspect the property and determine whether a violation has occurred, or to enforce the provisions of this bylaw, including the capture of an Animal Running At Large.
- 2.26. “Run(ning) At Large” means an Animal that is found on any public property or private property without consent from the owner of that property that is not under the direct physical control of a person by means of a leash or other similar device.
- 2.27. “Service Animal” means any Animal that is trained by a specialized school for service and:
- 2.27.1. Is a guide Dog for the blind or visually impaired;
 - 2.27.2. Is a guide Dog for the deaf or hearing impaired;
 - 2.27.3. Is a special skills Animal for other disabled persons, which includes animals used in therapy that are registered with a recognized organization for that purpose;
 - 2.27.4. Is a trained and certified Animal used in search and rescue operations; or
 - 2.27.5. Is an Animal owned by the RCMP or other police service that is engaged in police work.
- 2.28. “Vicious Animal” shall mean any Animal that, when on or off the property of its Owner:
- 2.28.1. Shows or has shown a propensity, disposition, or potential to Attack, Bite, or injure without Provocation other Animals or humans;
 - 2.28.2. Without Provocation chases or charges any person approaching it or passing by it;
 - 2.28.3. Is a continuing threat of serious harm to other Animals or humans; or
 - 2.28.4. Without Provocation has Attacked or Bitten any Animal or human.

SECTION 3 - INTERPRETATION

- 3.1. Each provision of this bylaw is independent of all other provisions, and if any provision is declared invalid for any reason by a Court of competent jurisdiction all other provisions of this bylaw remain valid and enforceable.
- 3.2. Nothing in this bylaw relieves a person from complying with the provision of any federal or provincial law or regulation, other bylaw, or any requirement of any lawful permit, order, or license.
- 3.3. Any heading, subheading, or tables of content in this bylaw are included only for convenience, and shall not form part of this bylaw.
- 3.4. Where this bylaw refers to another Act, bylaw regulation, or agency, it includes reference to any Act, bylaw regulation, or agency that may be substituted therefore.
- 3.5. All schedules attached to this bylaw shall form part of this bylaw.

SECTION 4 - GENERAL AUTHORITY

- 4.1. The Chief Administrative Officer is hereby delegated the authority to:
- 4.1.1. Carry out any investigations or inspections to determine compliance with this bylaw;

- 4.1.2. Take any steps or carry out any actions required to enforce this bylaw;
 - 4.1.3. Take any steps or carry out any actions required to remedy any contravention of this bylaw;
 - 4.1.4. Establish investigation and enforcement procedures with respect to a contravention of this bylaw;
 - 4.1.5. Establish any forms for the purposes of this bylaw;
 - 4.1.6. Issue licenses with such terms and conditions as deemed appropriate; or
 - 4.1.7. Delegate any powers.
- 4.2. The Chief Administrative Officer may appoint any person or corporation to act as an Animal Control Officer and/or a Designated Official and may set the remuneration to be paid to each.
- 4.3. Council may designate, by way of resolution, any Animal as a Prohibited Animal, and such Animal shall be listed in Schedule “D” of this bylaw.

SECTION 5 - ANIMAL LICENSING

- 5.1. Every Owner of a Dog or a Cat that is apparently six (6) months of age or older must register their Animal with the City and obtain an Animal License.
- 5.2. The Owner applying for an Animal License must provide:
 - 5.2.1. Name, street address, postal address, and phone number;
 - 5.2.2. Name and description of Animal to be Licensed;
 - 5.2.3. A certificate acceptable to the City certifying that the Dog or Cat to be Licensed has received a rabies vaccination within the last twelve (12) months; and
 - 5.2.4. Any other information that may be required by the City.
- 5.3. The Owner must obtain a License prior to January 1st in each calendar year, for each Dog or Cat to be Licensed, and shall pay the annual License fee outlined in Schedule “A”.
- 5.4. Upon payment of the License fee, the City shall issue the Owner a metal License tag, on which shall be inscribed a registration number corresponding to the registration in a master database kept by the City.
- 5.5. Animal Licenses shall be valid from January 1st and expire on December 31st of each year.
- 5.6. A licensed Breeder shall notify the City of the birth of any Dogs or Cats and shall obtain an Animal License for each Dog or Cat that remains in their Possession once the Animal reaches six (6) months of age.
- 5.7. An Animal License must be securely affixed to the collar of the Dog or Cat that it belongs to any time that Animal is off the property of its Owner.
- 5.8. Should an Animal License become lost for whatever reason, a new License shall be required. The replacement License shall be issued by the City upon the payment of the fee set out in Schedule “A”.
- 5.9. Where a License fee required pursuant to this bylaw has been paid by an uncertified cheque, the License:
 - 5.9.1. Is issued subject to the cheque being honoured by the bank without any mention of this condition on the License; and
 - 5.9.2. Is automatically revoked if the cheque was not honoured by the bank from which it was issued.
- 5.10. No person shall be entitled to a rebate or refund for a License issued pursuant to this bylaw.
- 5.11. No Animal License shall be required for:

- 5.11.1. A Dog or a Cat that is accompanying a person who is visiting the City, provided that they do not stay in the City in excess of thirty (30) days, the proof of which shall be on that person;
 - 5.11.2. Any Animal that is brought into the City for the purposes of a competition, parade, fair, exhibition, or other similar event, provided that those Animals are under the care and supervision of a competent person at all times; or
 - 5.11.3. A police Dog, provided that that Animal is recognized by the federal or provincial government as such.
- 5.12. Notwithstanding subsection 5.11, all other provisions of this bylaw shall still apply unless otherwise stated.
 - 5.13. No person shall use, or permit to be used, an Animal License that belongs to a different Animal.
 - 5.14. Any person who provides false information, or willfully misrepresents themselves on the Animal License application is guilty of an offence.

SECTION 6 - GENERAL REGULATIONS

- 6.1. No person, including an Owner, shall knowingly or unknowingly allow an Animal under their control to:
 - 6.1.1. Run At Large within the City;
 - 6.1.2. Notwithstanding subsection 6.1.1, a Dog may be allowed to run off-leash in a designated Off-Leash Area;
 - 6.1.3. Pursue or bark at any vehicle on a Highway so as to constitute a nuisance;
 - 6.1.4. Pursue or bark at any person so as to constitute a nuisance;
 - 6.1.5. Enter into any parkland, playground, or other public area where signs erected by the City clearly indicate that no Animals, or no Dogs, are allowed;
 - 6.1.6. Be in a floral area of any parkland;
 - 6.1.7. Enter upon any cemetery;
 - 6.1.8. Upset any garbage container;
 - 6.1.9. Cause damage to any person, Animal, or property;
 - 6.1.10. Enter any public swimming, bathing, wading pool or splash park;
 - 6.1.11. Bark, howl, or create noise in an excessive manner that disturbs the peace and quiet of any person in the City;
 - 6.1.12. With respect to a female Dog or Cat in estrus or in heat, allow said Animal to be on their property without securing the Animal, with a tether or in an enclosure, to prevent it from Running At Large; or
 - 6.1.13. Enter into any City-owned facility;
 - 6.1.14. Notwithstanding subsection 6.1.13, an Animal may enter a City-owned facility if it is a Service Animal; or if there is a special event at the facility and Animals are permitted to be there.
- 6.2. No person, including an Owner, shall:
 - 6.2.1. Allow an Animal under their control to defecate on public or private property, other than the property of its Owner, and fail to immediately remove and clear such defecation.
 - 6.2.2. Allow a property under their control to contain an unreasonable buildup of Animal Waste so as to create a nuisance or health concern.
- 6.3. The provisions of subsection 6.2 shall not apply to a Service Animal where the person in care or control of that Animal has a physical disability, including visual impairment, that would prevent them from being able to clean up after their Animal.
- 6.4. No person shall run a Dog or Dogs in a harness so as to obstruct traffic or pedestrians; and:
 - 6.4.1. When operating a bicycle or other wheeled conveyance on a pathway or sidewalk, no person shall do so with an Animal on a leash;
 - 6.4.2. The provisions of subsection 6.6 shall not apply to a person operating a device designed for persons with disabilities.

- 6.5. No person shall keep or harbour any Livestock on non-agricultural land within the City.
- 6.6. Notwithstanding subsection 6.7, Livestock is permitted within the City if it is involved in a competition, parade, fair, exhibition, zoo, or other similar event, provided that the Livestock is kept secure and under the control of a competent person at all times.
- 6.7. No person shall keep a Prohibited Animal, as outlined in Schedule “D” of this bylaw.
- 6.8. Notwithstanding subsection 6.9, Prohibited Animals are permitted within the City if they are involved in a competition, parade, fair, exhibition, zoo, or other similar event, provided that prior written permission is obtained from the Chief Administrative Officer of the City; and the Animals are kept secure and under the control of a competent person at all times.
- 6.9. ~~No person shall keep, in or about a dwelling unit on land zoned as residential within the City, more than:~~
~~6.9.1. Three (3) Dogs;~~
~~6.9.2. Three (3) Cats;~~
~~6.9.3. Two (2) rabbits; or~~
~~6.9.4. Where a combination of Dogs, Cats, and rabbits are kept, a total number of five (5) Animals.~~
- 6.9. No person shall keep, in or about a dwelling unit within the City, more than a total number of five (5) Animals which shall include any combination of Dogs, Cats and rabbits.

*Amended by Bylaw 782-PL-23
April 11, 2023*

- 6.10. The provisions of subsection 6.9 shall not apply to:
 - 6.10.1. A business operating as a pet shop or pet store, provided that the business possesses a valid City business license and is operating on lands zoned for that purpose;
 - 6.10.2. A Breeder, provided that the Breeder possesses a valid City business license and is operating on lands zoned for that purpose;
 - 6.10.3. A foster home for Animals, provided that they are registered with the local Humane Society or SPCA as a foster home;
 - 6.10.4. A facility for the training of certified Service Animals;
 - 6.10.5. A designated ACCC or animal shelter; or
 - 6.10.6. Any lands zoned as agricultural.
- 6.11. Notwithstanding subsection 6.5, a person may keep a hen on non-agricultural lands within the City if the person is authorized to do so by a license issued under Bylaw No. 704-AD-21, Urban Hen Keeping Bylaw.

SECTION 7 - IMPOUNDMENT

- 7.1. Council shall designate a place to be operated as an ACCC to keep Animals impounded pursuant to this bylaw and may make any rules and regulations pursuant to this bylaw that Council feels is necessary for the operation of an ACCC.
- 7.2. Any Animal caught Running At Large in the City is subject to seizure and impoundment at an ACCC.
- 7.3. Any Officer may seize, using no more force than is necessary, and impound any Animal that is:
 - 7.3.1. Found Running At Large; or
 - 7.3.2. Found in contravention of this bylaw.

- 7.4. At the discretion of the Officer, an Animal found Running At Large may also be returned to the Owner, or to the Owner's property provided someone is there to take possession.
- 7.5. Any person may seize an Animal Running At Large, using no more force than is necessary and notifying an Officer of such actions, and may deliver the Animal to an Officer or to an ACCC.
- 7.6. Where an Animal is delivered to the ACCC, the ACCC shall:
- 7.6.1. Take custody of the Animal and provide all the necessary care to ensure the Animal is fed and sheltered;
 - 7.6.2. Take all reasonable steps to locate and contact the registered Owner of the Animal through the current Animal License, provided one is attached;
 - 7.6.3. Keep registration information for the Animal, which includes:
 - 7.6.3.1. Photo of the Animal;
 - 7.6.3.2. Description of the Animal, including sex and any registration number available;
 - 7.6.3.3. Owner information associated with registration number, if available;
 - 7.6.3.4. Date of impoundment;
 - 7.6.3.5. Date of release to owner or transfer documentation if applicable; and
 - 7.6.3.6. Fees, penalties, and expenses collected, including any vet care fees, if applicable.
- 7.7. Animals shall be held at an ACCC for the time period indicated in Schedule "B", subject to earlier reclaim by their Owner(s), if applicable.
- 7.8. Unless the Animal is held in a mandatory hold pursuant to subsection 10.4, an Owner may reclaim their Animal from an ACCC within the holding period identified in Schedule "B" upon the Owner:
- 7.8.1. Paying all ACCC fees in accordance with Schedule "B";
 - 7.8.2. Providing proof of an annual Animal License, or purchasing an annual Animal License if the Animal is not currently Licensed in accordance with the fees in Schedule "A"; and
 - 7.8.3. Paying any outstanding fines related to the Animal in accordance with Schedule "E".
- 7.9. Any Animal left at an ACCC beyond the holding period identified in Schedule "B" may be disposed of by the ACCC at their discretion by:
- 7.9.1. Transferring the Animal to an animal shelter, animal care, or SPCA facility for adoption purposes; or
 - 7.9.2. Where all other reasonably practicable options have been exhausted, transferring the Animal to any certified educational institution for vivisection or other uses, or having the Animal destroyed by a qualified veterinarian in a humane manner.
- 7.10. If an Animal is disposed of in accordance with subsection 7.9, the ownership of the Animal is deemed to vest in the person or organization who executes the Transfer Acknowledgement Form, and any previous claim of ownership on the Animal shall be deemed null and void.
- 7.11. Should an Animal be suspected of being rabid, the Animal shall be quarantined and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the *Animal Health Act, Statutes of Alberta, 2007, Chapter A-40.2* and all its associated regulations.
- 7.12. The City shall not be held responsible for any Animal impounded for more than the holding period identified in Schedule "B".
- 7.13. Where an Animal is transferred pursuant to this bylaw, the proceeds of the transfer of the animal shall be paid to the City, unless an agreement states otherwise.

SECTION 8 - TRAPS

- 8.1. It shall be lawful for an Officer or Designated Official to employ the use of lure, bait, nets, sonic, tranquilizers, mechanical devices, snares, catch poles, cages, or combination of same, or any other means whatsoever, for the purposes of capturing an Animal Running At Large.
- 8.2. Private traps may be used by the public to capture nuisance Animals on a person's own property, provided that such traps or trapping methods:
 - 8.2.1. Receive approval from an Officer prior to their use;
 - 8.2.2. Are of a type that ensure the humane trapping of an Animal;
 - 8.2.3. Do not cause any physical or undue emotional or psychological harm to the Animal; and
 - 8.2.4. No trapping takes place in temperatures below zero (0) degrees Celsius.
- 8.3. It shall be a serious offence to use an inhumane trap or trapping method, including leg hold traps, to capture an Animal.
- 8.4. The provisions of subsection 8 shall not apply to:
 - 8.4.1. A provincial or federal wildlife Officer fulfilling their sworn duties;
 - 8.4.2. A pest control Officer employed by the City of Cold Lake; or
 - 8.4.3. A pest control worker employed by a pest control company that possesses a valid City business license.
- 8.5. If available at an ACCC, traps may be rented to members of the public for use to capture nuisance Animals on a person's own property in accordance with the following:
 - 8.5.1. Traps shall be rented at the prices listed in Schedule "B";
 - 8.5.2. The City shall collect 100% of the deposit and/or rental fees prior to releasing the trap to the renter;
 - 8.5.3. Traps shall be rented on a first-come, first-serve basis; however, the City reserves the right to refuse any renter at the City's discretion;
 - 8.5.4. No trapping shall take place in temperatures below zero (0) degrees Celsius;
 - 8.5.5. The City shall have no responsibility whatsoever to transport the traps, use or remove animals from traps or relocate animals from the traps subject to the exception that if a Dog or Cat is trapped, the renter may call an Officer for transportation of the Animal to an ACCC; and
 - 8.5.6. Traps shall be used by renters at their own risk.

SECTION 9 - GENERAL ANIMAL CARE AND WELFARE

- 9.1. Every person or Owner who keeps an Animal within the City has a duty and shall ensure that the Animal is provided with the following basics:
 - 9.1.1. A clean and sanitary environment free from an unreasonable accumulation of Animal Waste;
 - 9.1.2. Shelter from the elements protecting the Animal from injurious heat or cold;
 - 9.1.3. An adequate and appropriate supply of food and clean water; and
 - 9.1.4. The opportunity for physical movement and activity.
- 9.2. Where an Officer believes that an Animal is not being provided with the basics under subsection 9.1, the Officer is authorized to:
 - 9.2.1. Inspect the conditions that an Animal is being kept in to see if a violation occurs;
 - 9.2.2. Issue a written letter to the Owner of the Animal directing them to rectify any substandard conditions, set a date by which those conditions must be corrected, and set a date for re-inspection;
- 9.3. Where an Officer feels that the health of an Animal is in immediate jeopardy constituting an emergency situation, the Officer is authorized to:

- 9.3.1. Seize that Animal from the Owner or property, and immediately take it to qualified veterinarian for medical care, the costs of which shall be assessed against the Owner;
- 9.3.2. Take the Animal into protective impoundment at an ACCC for a maximum period of five (5) days, the costs of which shall be assessed against the Owner; and
- 9.3.3. After the five (5) day period, release the Animal back to the Owner if arrangements have been made and all fees have been paid, or treat the Animal as a normal impoundment.
- 9.4. An Officer is authorized to receive Animals pursuant to an eviction, incarceration, fire, medical emergency, or similar situation. Such Animals shall be taken to an ACCC and, if arrangements have been made and all fees paid, the Animal shall be released back into the Owner's custody. If no arrangements have been made, the Animal shall be treated as a normal impoundment.
- 9.5. No person shall keep an Animal tethered on a rope, chain, or similar restraining device unless:
- 9.5.1. The tether is of an appropriate length for the species tethered;
- 9.5.2. The Animal has unrestricted movement within the range of such tether;
- 9.5.3. The Animal cannot become entangled in a way that would cause injury or impairment to the Animal;
- 9.5.4. The Animal cannot injure themselves in any way as a result of the tethering; and
- 9.5.5. The tether does not allow the Animal to go beyond its own property.
- 9.6. Notwithstanding subsection 9.5, any person who keeps an Animal on a tether on their own property shall ensure that the tether is at minimum three (3) metres in length, provided the Animal cannot go beyond its own property.
- 9.7. No person shall tether an Animal on their own property using a choke chain, choke collar, pronged collar, or any other similar device when the Animal is unattended.
- 9.8. No person shall:
- 9.8.1. Injure, maim, torture, abuse, or cause harm to any Animal;
- 9.8.2. Intentionally kill an Animal that does not belong to them;
- 9.8.3. Tease, distress, or torment an Animal in an inhumane way;
- 9.8.4. Intentionally provoke an Animal, inciting it to anger;
- 9.8.5. Untie, let loose, or set free any Animal that was secured on public or private property, causing such Animal to Run At Large;
- 9.8.6. Open any cage, gate, or similar enclosure causing an Animal to Run At Large;
- 9.8.7. Leave an Animal in a vehicle where the Animal could suffer, or does suffer, as a result of the weather conditions; or
- 9.8.8. Leave an Animal unsecured in a vehicle, including in the back of a pickup truck, allowing the Animal to come into unrestricted contact with people or other Animals;
- 9.8.9. For the purposes of subsections 9.8.7 and 9.8.8, the registered owner of the vehicle involved in the offence shall be guilty of the offence, unless the owner satisfies the Court that the vehicle was:
- 9.8.9.1. Not being driven or parked by the registered owner; and
- 9.8.9.2. That the person driving or parking the vehicle at the time of the offence did so without the registered owner's expressed or implied consent.
- 9.9. No person shall allow an Animal to be outside of the passenger cab of a motor vehicle on a Highway, regardless of whether the vehicle is in motion or not.
- 9.10. Notwithstanding subsection 9.9, a person may place an Animal outside the passenger cab of a motor vehicle, including a pickup truck or flatbed truck, provided that the Animal is:

- 9.10.1. Inside a fully enclosed trailer;
 - 9.10.2. Inside a topper enclosing the bed area of a truck;
 - 9.10.3. Contained in a ventilated kennel or similar device that is securely fastened to the bed of the truck; or
 - 9.10.4. Securely tethered in a way that the Animal is not standing on bare metal, cannot jump or be thrown from the vehicle, is not in danger of strangulation or dragging, and cannot reach beyond the outside edges of the vehicle.
- 9.11. For the purposes of subsections 9.9 and 9.10, the registered owner of the vehicle involved in the offence shall be guilty of the offence, unless the owner satisfies the Court that the vehicle was:
- 9.11.1. Not being driven or was not parked by the registered owner; and
 - 9.11.2. That the person driving or parking the vehicle at the time of the offence did so without the registered owner's expressed or implied consent.
- 9.12. Every Owner shall ensure that any Dog or Cat that is over the age, or appears to be over the age, of six (6) months, has an up-to-date rabies vaccination.

SECTION 10 - ANIMAL BITES AND ATTACKS

- 10.1. No person, including an Owner, shall permit, whether intentional or unintentional, an Animal under their care or control to:
 - 10.1.1. Bite, injure, or Attack a person without Provocation, regardless of whether the Animal was on public or private property;
 - 10.1.2. Bite, injure, or Attack an Animal without Provocation, whether the Animal was on public or private property;
 - 10.1.3. Cause the death of an Animal, whether the Animal was on public or private property;
 - 10.1.4. Cause the death of a person, whether the Animal was on public or private property.
- 10.2. Notwithstanding subsections 10.1.2 and 10.1.3, no person shall be held responsible if an Animal in their care and control Bites, injures, or Attacks an Animal that is trespassing on private property.
- 10.3. An Officer is justified in using any force necessary, including destroying an Animal, in order to prevent or stop an Attack or Bite.
- 10.4. Where an Animal has Bitten or Attacked, the Animal shall immediately enter a mandatory quarantine period of ten (10) days. At the discretion of an Officer, the quarantine may occur:
 - 10.4.1. At the owner's residence, subject to subsection 10.5;
 - 10.4.2. At an ACCC; or
 - 10.4.3. At the office of a licensed veterinarian.
- 10.5. If an Animal is quarantined at the residence of its Owner, an Officer shall give a letter to the Owner advising that the following conditions must be followed for the period of the quarantine:
 - 10.5.1. The Animal must be kept indoors at all times;
 - 10.5.2. The Animal may be taken outdoors to relieve itself, but it must be under the immediate supervision of a person over the age of sixteen (16), and the Animal must remain on the owner's property;
 - 10.5.3. At no time is the Animal allowed off the Owner's property, except to be taken to a licensed veterinarian or an ACCC;
 - 10.5.4. The Animal cannot come into contact with any other Animal or person that does not normally reside at the residence; and
 - 10.5.5. Should the Animal display any signs or symptoms of rabies, mange, canine distemper, hepatitis, parvo virus, or a significant change in mood or personality, the Owner shall immediately notify the Officer who issued the quarantine letter.

- 10.6. If an Owner fails to abide by the conditions of subsection 10.5, an Officer may seize the Animal and take it to an ACCC or to a licensed veterinarian to be quarantined for ten (10) full days from the start of the impoundment. The Owner shall be responsible for all costs associated with the impoundment.
- 10.7. If an Animal quarantined at an ACCC or at the office of a licensed veterinarian is found to show signs or symptoms of rabies, canine distemper, hepatitis, parvo virus, or a significant change in mood or personality including depression, dehydration, loss of appetite, or vomiting or diarrhea with or without blood, the Designated Official or veterinarian upon notifying the Owner and the City shall have the authority to destroy the Animal.
- 10.8. The owner of an Animal that has Bitten or Attacked must, upon request from an Officer, produce proof that the Animal has a valid and current rabies vaccination.
- 10.9. Where in the opinion of an Officer an Animal has pursued, Attacked, or Bitten another Animal or person, and such Animal is thought to be a danger to the public, an Officer may issue a summons to the owner requiring them to appear before the Court stating:
 - 10.9.1. The date, time, and place the owner must appear; and
 - 10.9.2. Requesting that the Court issue a destruction order for the Animal.

SECTION 11 - VICIOUS ANIMALS

- 11.1. A Vicious Animal is any Animal that, when on or off the property of its Owner:
 - 11.1.1. Shows or has shown a propensity, disposition, or potential to Attack, Bite, or injure without Provocation, other Animals or humans;
 - 11.1.2. Without Provocation, chases or charges any person approaching it or passing by it;
 - 11.1.3. Is a continuing threat of serious harm to other Animals or humans; or
 - 11.1.4. Without Provocation has Attacked or Bitten any Animal or human.
- 11.2. An Officer, as a result of personal observations or a public complaint, may designate an Animal a Vicious Animal by writing a letter, and such letter shall:
 - 11.2.1. Be hand delivered to the Owner, or sent by registered mail to the last known address of the Owner;
 - 11.2.2. Inform the Owner the reason(s) why their Animal has been designated Vicious;
 - 11.2.3. Advise the Owner that they must now abide by the conditions under subsection 11.3 of this bylaw; and
 - 11.2.4. Advise the Owner they may appeal the designation by following the provisions of subsection 12.4 of this bylaw.
- 11.3. The Owner of a designated Vicious Animal must abide by the following conditions:
 - 11.3.1. Obtain and maintain in force a policy of liability insurance in a form satisfactory to the City, providing third-party liability coverage in an amount no less than \$500,000 for injuries caused by the Owner's Vicious Animal;
 - 11.3.2. Obtain a Vicious Animal License as outlined in Schedule "A" of this Bylaw, and ensure that such License is always affixed to the collar of the Vicious Animal;
 - 11.3.3. Ensure the rabies vaccination for the Vicious Animal is kept up to date;
 - 11.3.4. Ensure that when the Vicious Animal is on the Owner's property:
 - 11.3.4.1. The Animal is kept indoors;
 - 11.3.4.2. When outdoors, the Animal is under the immediate supervision of a person over the age of sixteen (16); and
 - 11.3.4.3. If the Animal is outdoors and unattended, that it is secured in a pen, cage, kennel, or similar enclosure that prevents the Animal from escaping off the property, and prevents a child from being able to enter the pen with the Animal;
 - 11.3.5. Ensure that when the vicious animal is off the owner's property:

- 11.3.5.1. The Animal is under the immediate supervision and control of a person over the age of sixteen (16);
 - 11.3.5.2. The Animal is wearing a humane Muzzle that prevents it from being able to Bite another Animal or person; and
 - 11.3.5.3. The Animal is on a leash or tether no longer than three (3) metres in length and of sufficient strength to ensure the Animal cannot break away.
 - 11.3.6. Post “Beware of Dog” signs, or similar cautionary signs as the case may be, at every entrance to the Owner’s property.
 - 11.3.7. Ensure that such Dog not, without Provocation, chase, pursue, injure, or Bite a person or other domestic Animal.
 - 11.3.8. At all times, prevent such Dog from Running At Large.
 - 11.3.9. Immediately notify the City upon becoming aware the Dog is Running At Large.
- 11.4. A period of five (5) days shall be considered a reasonable period of time for an Owner to ensure compliance with subsections 11.3.1., 11.3.2., 11.3.3., and 11.3.6. of the bylaw. All other provisions of subsection 11.3. must be complied with immediately upon receipt of a Vicious Animal designation.
 - 11.5. Any person or Owner who believes that their Animal is a Vicious Animal shall keep such Animal in accordance with the provisions of subsection 11.3 of this bylaw.

SECTION 12 - ANIMAL CONTROL TRIBUNAL

- 12.1. The City shall create an Animal Control Tribunal to hear appeals of Vicious Animal designations, and Council shall appoint members to sit on the Tribunal.
- 12.2. The Tribunal shall be made up of three (3) members of Council.
- 12.3. Membership on the Tribunal for Councilors shall be for a term of two (2) years.
- 12.4. A person or Owner who receives a letter designating their Animal as a Vicious Animal shall have fourteen (14) days from the date of the designation to appeal the decision by:
 - 12.4.1. Submitting a written request to the Chief Administrative Officer of the City stating the reasons for an appeal; and
 - 12.4.2. Delivering the letter by mail or by hand to City Hall.
- 12.5. The CAO, or their designate, upon receiving a letter of appeal shall:
 - 12.5.1. Set the date, time, and location for the Tribunal to meet within thirty (30) days of the receipt of an appeal letter;
 - 12.5.2. Notify the Owner or person affected in writing; and
 - 12.5.3. Notify the Officer who issued the Vicious Animal designation.
- 12.6. When hearing an appeal, the Tribunal shall:
 - 12.6.1. Allow the City to present evidence as to why the designation was issued including:
 - 12.6.1.1. The Officer’s testimony;
 - 12.6.1.2. The testimony of any complainants, witnesses, victims, or experts;
 - 12.6.1.3. Any pictures or supporting documents; and
 - 12.6.1.4. Any other relevant evidence.
 - 12.6.2. Allow the Owner or person affected to present evidence as to why the designation should be overturned, including:
 - 12.6.2.1. The Owner’s testimony;
 - 12.6.2.2. The testimony of any witnesses or experts;
 - 12.6.2.3. Any pictures or supporting documents; and
 - 12.6.2.4. Any other relevant evidence.

- 12.6.3. Upon hearing from all affected parties, make a decision to:
 - 12.6.3.1. Uphold the original designation;
 - 12.6.3.2. Add, modify, or remove certain conditions of the designation; or
 - 12.6.3.3. Grant the appeal and quash the designation.
- 12.7. The decision of the Tribunal shall be final and binding on all parties.

SECTION 13 - OBSTRUCTION

- 13.1. No person, whether or not that person is the Owner of an Animal, shall:
 - 13.1.1. Remove any collar or license from an Animal that does not belong to them;
 - 13.1.2. Break into or break open an ACCC;
 - 13.1.3. Remove any Animal from an ACCC without the permission of the Officer;
 - 13.1.4. Interfere with an Officer, or any of their assistants, who is actively trying to capture an Animal Running At Large;
 - 13.1.5. Entice an Animal to Run At Large;
 - 13.1.6. Induce an Animal to enter any place where it would be safe from capture or otherwise assist an Animal to avoid capture;
 - 13.1.7. Falsely represent oneself as the Owner of an Animal so as to establish that the Animal was not Running At Large;
 - 13.1.8. Interfere with, unlock, open, or remove any cage or door on an Officer's vehicle; or
 - 13.1.9. Remove or set free any Animal in an Officer's vehicle.
- 13.2. Any person who willfully or knowingly obstructs an Officer in their duties to enforce the provisions of this bylaw is guilty of an offence.

SECTION 14 - EXEMPTIONS

- 14.1. The provisions of this bylaw shall not apply to:
 - 14.1.1. An Animal used by the RCMP or other police service while that Animal is engaged in police work; and
 - 14.1.2. Provincial or federal wildlife officers while fulfilling their sworn duties.

SECTION 15 - ENFORCEMENT

- 15.1. An Officer shall have a Right of Access to any property, excluding the interior of a private dwelling house, to enforce the provisions of this bylaw.
- 15.2. For the purposes of enforcing this bylaw, the Owner, possessor, or harbourer of an Animal shall provide his or her correct name and resident address to an Officer upon demand. Failure or refusal to do so upon first demand of the Officer shall constitute an offence under this bylaw.
- 15.3. An Officer may capture and impound any Animal that they believe has contravened a section of this bylaw.
- 15.4. Where an Animal cannot be captured and the Owner cannot be ascertained or located, an Officer may destroy that Animal.
- 15.5. The Officer shall document all efforts involved in attempting to capture the Animal, and all efforts involved in attempting to find an Owner. This documentation shall be kept for a period of one (1) year.
- 15.6. Where in the opinion of an Officer an Animal constitutes a public nuisance as a result of excessive noise or being at large on three (3) or more occasions within one calendar year, an Officer:
 - 15.6.1. Shall issue a Provincial Violation Ticket to the Owner requiring them to appear before the Court, stating the date, time, and place the Owner must appear; and

15.6.2. May, at the Officer's discretion, request that the Court issue a destruction order for the Animal.

SECTION 16 - OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

- 16.1. Any person or corporation that contravenes this bylaw is guilty of an offence.
- 16.2. Any person who willfully obstructs an Officer or assaults an Officer with the intent to resist or prevent the lawful arrest or detainment of themselves, another person, or an Animal in the exercise or performance of their duties related to this bylaw is guilty of an offence.
- 16.3. A person who is guilty of an offence is liable, upon summary conviction, to a fine in an amount not less than that established in Schedule "E" of this bylaw, and not exceeding Five Thousand (\$5,000.00), and to imprisonment for not more than six months for non-payment of a fine.
- 16.4. The penalty for a second offence, within a calendar year, shall be double the fine amount as indicated in Schedule "E" of this bylaw.
- 16.5. The penalty for a third and subsequent offences, within a calendar year, shall be triple the fine amount as indicated in Schedule "E" of this bylaw.

SECTION 17 - MUNICIPAL VIOLATION TAGS AND PROVINCIAL VIOLATION TICKETS

- 17.1. A Municipal Violation Tag or Provincial Violation Ticket may be issued in respect to an offence, and the Violation Tag or Ticket must specify the fine amount established by this bylaw for the offence.
- 17.2. The person receiving the Municipal Violation Tag or Provincial Violation Ticket may pay the fine amount on or before the required date, and this person shall not be prosecuted for the offence.
- 17.3. A Provincial Violation Ticket must be paid before the date specified by the ticket.
- 17.4. A Municipal Violation Tag must be paid within thirty (30) days of the date it was issued.
- 17.5. If a Municipal Violation Tag has been issued, a person may, prior to the required date, request that a Provincial Violation Ticket be issued in place of a Municipal Violation Tag to allow that person to attend court with respect to the offence.
- 17.6. If a Provincial Violation Ticket is issued in respect to an offence:
 - 17.6.1. The Provincial Violation Ticket may specify the fine amount established by this bylaw for the offence; and
 - 17.6.2. The Provincial Violation Ticket may require a person to appear in court without the alternative of making a voluntary payment.
- 17.7. If a Provincial Violation Ticket specifies a fine amount, a person may make a voluntary payment equal to the fine amount specified on or before the required date, and this person shall not be prosecuted for the offence; or
- 17.8. If a Provincial Violation Ticket specifies a fine amount, a person or their agent may appear in court on the required date and elect to enter a plea with respect to the offence.

SECTION 18 – ENACTMENT/REPEAL

- 18.1. This bylaw shall come into full force and effect immediately upon the date of its final passing.

18.2. City of Cold Lake Bylaw No. 535-PL-14, Animal Care and Control Bylaw and its amending Bylaws including Bylaw No. 705-PL-21, Bylaw No. 632-PL-18, and Bylaw No. 745-PL-22 are hereby repealed.

FIRST READING passed in open Council duly assembled in the City of Cold Lake, in the Province of Alberta this 9th day of August, A.D. 2022, on motion by Councillor Bailey.

**CARRIED
UNANIMOUSLY**

SECOND READING passed in open Council duly assembled in the City of Cold Lake, in the Province of Alberta this 23rd day of August, A.D. 2022, on motion by Councillor Lefebvre.

**CARRIED
UNANIMOUSLY**

THIRD AND FINAL READING passed in open Council duly assembled in the City of Cold Lake, in the Province of Alberta this 23rd day of August, A.D. 2022, on motion by Councillor Vining.

**CARRIED
UNANIMOUSLY**

Executed this 6th day of September, 2022

CITY OF COLD LAKE

MAYOR

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

**CITY OF COLD LAKE
BYLAW #755-PL-22**

Schedule “A” License Fees

Animal Licensing Fees

Dog and Cat	\$77.50 annually (Basic)* \$20.50 annually (Neutered or Spayed) *
Vicious Animal	\$260.00 annually
Service Animal	No charge
Replacement of Lost or Stolen License	\$10.00
Transfer to new Animal	No charge

*No fee shall be charged for 2022 and 2023 Dog and Cat Licenses.

Amended by Bylaw 817-PL-23

November 11, 2023

Amended by Bylaw No. 847-PL-24

November 26, 2024

CITY OF COLD LAKE
BYLAW #755-PL-22

Schedule “B” Animal Care and Control Centre (ACCC)

Holding Period

Animals with ID	10 days
Animals without ID	3 days
Animals held as per subsection 9.3.2	5 days
Animals held as per subsection 10.6	10 days

Impound Fees

Animal Intake Fee	\$63
Daily Care Fee	\$22
Vet Fees	Per vet bill

Trap Rentals

Deposit	\$75
Daily Trap Rental Fee	\$0

*Amended by Bylaw 817-PL-23
November 11, 2023*

*Amended by Bylaw No. 847-PL-24
November 26, 2024*

*Amended by Bylaw No. 888-PL-26
January 27, 2026*

**CITY OF COLD LAKE
BYLAW #755-PL-22**

Schedule “C” – Off Leash Areas

1. Imperial Park – 7825 51 Street, Cold Lake
2. 4 Wing Base – Mackenzie Area Off-Leash Dog Park – Glenwood Drive
3. 4 Wing Base – Bark Park – Queensway
4. 4 Wing Base – K9 Club Dog Park – Kingsway

CITY OF COLD LAKE
BYLAW #755-PL-22

Schedule “D” – Prohibited Animals

1. All protected or endangered Animals whose Possession or sale is prohibited because they are designated as protected or endangered pursuant to international, federal, or provincial law, unless the Animal has been obtained in accordance with international, federal, or provincial law.
2. All Dogs, other than domesticated Dogs (*Canis Familiaris*), including, but not limited to: the wolf, coyote, fox, hyena, dingo, jackal, raccoon dog, bush dog, and any hybrid offspring of a wild dog and a domesticated Dog.
3. All Cats, other than domesticated Cats (*Felis Catus*), including, but not limited to: the lion, tiger, leopard, ocelot, jaguar, puma, panther, mountain lion, cheetah, wild cat, cougar, bobcat, lynx, serval, and any hybrid offspring of a wild cat and a domesticated Cat.
4. All bears.
5. All fur bearing Animals of the family Mustelidae, including, but not limited to: the weasel, marten, mink, badger, ermine, skunk, otter, pole cat, wolverine, but not including the domestic ferret (*Putorius Furo*).
6. All Procyonidae, including: the raccoon, kinkajou, cacomistle, cat-bear, panda, and coatiundi.
7. All carnivorous mammals of the family Viverridae, including, but not limited to: the civet, mongoose, and genet.
8. All bats.
9. All non-human primates.
10. All squirrels.
11. All rats, including the Norway rat.
12. Reptiles (Reptilia):
 - 12.1. All *Helodermatidae* (Gila monster and Mexican bearded lizard);
 - 12.2. All front-fanged venomous snakes, even if de-venomized, including, but not limited to:
 - 12.2.1. All *Viperidae* (viper, pit viper);
 - 12.2.2. All *Elapidae* (cobra, mamba, krait, coral snake);
 - 12.2.3. All *Atractaspididae* (African burrowing asp);
 - 12.2.4. All *Hydrophiidae* (sea snake); and
 - 12.2.5. All *Laticaudidae* (sea krait).
 - 12.3. All venomous, mid- or rear-fanged, Duvernoy-glanded members of the family *Colubridae*, even if de-venomized;
 - 12.4. Any member or hybrid offspring of the family *Boidae*, including, but not limited to, the common or green anaconda and yellow anaconda, save and except members of the family *Boidae* reaching an adult length of no greater than two (2) meters;
 - 12.5. Any member of the family *Pythonidae*, including, but not limited to, the African rock python, the Indian or Burmese python, the Amethystine or scrub python, save and except members of the family *Pythonidae* reaching an adult length of no greater than two (2) meters;

- 12.6. Any member of the family Varanidae, including, but, not limited to, the white throated monitor, the water monitor, the Komodo monitor or dragon, the Bornean earless monitor, the Nile monitor, the crocodile monitor, save and except members of the family Varanidae reaching an adult length of no greater than one (1) meter;
 - 12.7. Any member of the family Iguanidae, including the green or common iguana;
 - 12.8. Any member of the family Teiidae, including, but not limited, to the golden, common or black and white tegu;
 - 12.9. Any members of the family Chelydridae, including the snapping turtle and alligator snapping turtle;
 - 12.10. All members of the order Crocodylia, including, but not limited to, the alligator, caiman, and crocodile;
 - 12.11. All other snakes that reach an adult length larger than three meters; and
 - 12.12. All other lizards that reach an adult length larger than two meters.
13. Birds (Aves):
- 13.1. All predatory or large birds (Accipitrids, Cathartids), including, but not limited to, eagles, hawks, falcons, owls, vultures, and condors;
 - 13.2. All Anseriformes, including, but not limited to, ducks, geese, and swans;
 - 13.3. All Galliformes, including, but not limited to, pheasants, grouse, guinea fowl, and turkeys; and
 - 13.4. All Struthioniformes, including, but not limited to, flightless ratites such as ostriches, rheas, cassowaries, emus, and kiwis;
 - 13.5. Subsections 13.1. to 13.4. inclusive do not apply if the birds are kept as livestock on land zoned as agricultural.
14. Arachnida and Chilopoda:
- 14.1. All venomous spiders, including, but not limited to, the tarantula, black widow and solifugid, scorpion, save and except the exception of the following species of tarantula: Chilean Rose (*Grammostola rosea*), Mexican Red-Knee (*Brachypelma smithi*), Pink-Toed (*Avicularia avicularia*); and
 - 14.2. All venomous arthropods including, but not limited to the centipede.
15. All large rodents (Rodentia), including, but not limited to, the gopher, muskrat, paca, groundhog, marmot, beaver, prairie dog, viscacha, and porcupine.
16. All even-toed ungulates (Artiodactyla) other than domestic sheep, including, but not limited to, the antelope, giraffe and hippopotamus.
17. All odd-toed ungulates (Perissodactyla) other than domesticated horses (*Equus caballus*), including, but not limited to, the zebra, rhinoceros, and tapir.
18. All marsupials, including, but not limited to, the Tasmanian devil, bandicoot, kangaroo, wallaby, opossum, wombat, koala bear, cuscus, numbat, ~~and~~ pigmy, and sugar and greater glider.
19. Sea mammals (Cetacea, Pinnipedia and Sirenia), including, but not limited to, the dolphin, whale, seal, sea lion, and walrus.
20. All elephants (Proboscidae).
21. All hyrax (Hyracoidea).
22. All pangolin (Pholidota).

23. All sloth and armadillo (Edentala).
24. All insectivorous mammals (Insectivora), including the aardvark (Tubulidentata), anteater, shrew, otter shrew, mole, and hedgehog.
25. All gliding lemur (Dermoptera).
26. All other venomous or poisonous Animals.

Unofficial Consolidation

CITY OF COLD LAKE
BYLAW #755-PL-22

Schedule “E” – Fines*

Subsection	Description	First Offence	Second Offence	Third Offence
5.1	Unlicensed Animal	\$100	\$200	\$300
5.5	Expired License	\$100	\$200	\$300
5.7	Fail to affix License to collar	\$100	\$200	\$300
5.14	Use License for another Animal	\$100	\$200	\$300
5.15	Provide false information	\$200	\$400	\$600
6.1.1	Allow Animal to Run At Large	\$200	\$250	\$350
6.1.3	Allow Animal to pursue/bark at vehicle	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.4	Allow Animal to pursue/bark at person	\$150	\$250	\$350
6.1.5	Allow Animal to enter into prohibited area	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.6	Allow Animal to enter floral area	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.7	Allow Animal to enter cemetery	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.8	Allow Animal to upset garbage container	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.9	Allow Animal to cause damage to a person/Animal/property	\$500	\$750	\$1,000
6.1.10	Allow Animal to enter swimming area	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.11	Allow Animal's noise to disturb the peace	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.12	Fail to secure Animal in heat	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.1.13	Allow Animal to enter City facility	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.2.1	Allow Animal to defecate on public/private property	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.2.2	Allow accumulation of Animal Waste	\$200	\$400	\$600
6.4	Run Dogs obstructing traffic	\$200	\$400	\$600
6.4.1	Ride on pathway/sidewalk with Animal on leash	\$100	\$200	\$300
6.5	Keep Livestock on non-agricultural land	\$200	\$400	\$600
6.7	Keep Prohibited Animal	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
6.9	Keep more Animals than permitted	\$200	\$400	\$600
8.2	Use unapproved private trap	\$200	\$400	\$600
8.3	Use inhumane trap	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
9.1	Fail to provide basic care	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
9.5	Use inappropriate tether	\$100	\$200	\$300
9.7	Use choke chain or similar on unattended Animal	\$200	\$400	\$600
9.8.1	Cause harm to Animal	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
9.8.2	Intentionally kill Animal	Court	Court	Court
9.8.3	Torment Animal	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
9.8.4	Provoke Animal	\$100	\$200	\$300
9.8.5	Set free an Animal	\$100	\$200	\$300
9.8.6	Open Animal enclosure	\$100	\$200	\$300
9.8.7	Leave Animal in vehicle causing suffering	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
9.8.8	Leave Animal unsecured in vehicle	\$100	\$200	\$300
9.9	Allow Animal outside of passenger cab	\$100	\$200	\$300
9.12	Fail to have up-to-date rabies vaccination	\$200	\$400	\$600
10.1.1	Animal Bite/Attack person	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$5,000
10.1.2	Animal Bite/Attack another Animal	\$700	\$1,000	\$1,200
10.1.3	Animal cause death to an Animal	\$900	\$1,200	\$1,500
10.1.4	Animal causing death to a person	\$7,500	\$10,000	\$10,000
10.5	Fail to abide by quarantine	\$200	\$400	\$600
10.9	Possess Animal that is a danger to the public	Court	Court	Court
11.3	Fail to abide by conditions of owning a Vicious Animal	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
11.7	Allow Vicious Dog to chase, pursue, injure or Bite person or domestic Animal	\$1000	\$2,000	\$3,000
11.8	Allow Vicious Dog to Run At Large	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
13.1.1	Remove collar/License from Animal	\$100	\$200	\$300
13.1.2	Break into/open ACCC	\$300	\$600	\$900
13.1.3	Remove Animal from ACCC	\$300	\$600	\$900
13.1.4	Interfere with an Officer/Designated Official	\$300	\$600	\$900
13.1.5	Entice Animal to Run At Large	\$100	\$200	\$300
13.1.6	Induce Animal to avoid capture	\$100	\$200	\$300
13.1.7	Falsely represent oneself as Owner	\$100	\$200	\$300
13.1.8	Interfere with Officer's/Designated Official's vehicle	\$200	\$400	\$600
13.1.9	Remove Animal from vehicle	\$300	\$600	\$900
13.2	Obstruct Officer/Designated Official	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,500
15.6	Possess Animal that is a public nuisance	Court	Court	Court

*Any fines indicated by provincial legislation or regulation shall supersede the above fines.